



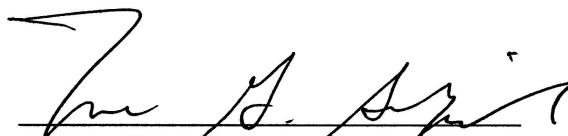
with the definite and firm conviction that a mistake has been committed.” *Wu Lin v. Lynch*, 813 F.3d 122, 126 (2d Cir. 2016) (quoting *United States v. U.S. Gypsum Co.*, 333 U.S. 364, 395 (1948)). A ruling is contrary to law if it “fails to apply or misapplies relevant statutes, case law or rules of procedure.” *Winfield v. City of N.Y.*, No. 15 Civ. 5236, 2017 WL 5054727, at \*2 (S.D.N.Y. Nov. 2, 2017) (internal citation omitted). “It is well-settled that a magistrate judge’s resolution of a nondispositive matter should be afforded substantial deference and may be overturned only if found to have been an abuse of discretion.” *Xie v. JP Morgan Chase Short-Term Disability Plan*, 15 Civ. 4546 (LGS), 2018 WL 501605, at \*1 (S.D.N.Y. Jan. 19, 2018).

WHEREAS, this ruling is not clearly erroneous or contrary to law, and accordingly, is not an abuse of discretion. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(a). *See generally* *Ruotolo v. City of N.Y.*, 514 F.3d 184, 191 (2d Cir. 2008) (noting that leave to amend may be properly denied for “repeated failures to cure deficiencies by amendments previously allowed”). It is hereby

**ORDERED** that Plaintiff’s objection to Judge Parker’s order staying discovery is **DENIED**.

Dated: July 30, 2021

New York, New York



LORNA G. SCHOFIELD  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE